# **Bible Readings**

### Psalm 119:89-96

#### Lamedh

- <sup>89</sup> Your word, LORD, is eternal; it stands firm in the heavens.
- <sup>90</sup> Your faithfulness continues through all generations; you established the earth, and it endures.
- <sup>91</sup> Your laws endure to this day, for all things serve you.
- <sup>92</sup> If your law had not been my delight, I would have perished in my affliction.
- <sup>93</sup> I will never forget your precepts, for by them you have preserved my life.
- 94 Save me, for I am yours; I have sought out your precepts.
- <sup>95</sup> The wicked are waiting to destroy me, but I will ponder your statutes.
- <sup>96</sup> To all perfection I see a limit, but your commands are boundless.

### Matthew 5:17-20

# The Fulfillment of the Law

<sup>17</sup> "Do not think that I have come to abolish the Law or the Prophets; I have not come to abolish them but to fulfill them. <sup>18</sup> For truly I tell you, until heaven and earth disappear, not the smallest letter, not the least stroke of a pen, will by any means disappear from the Law until everything is accomplished. <sup>19</sup> Therefore anyone who sets aside one of the least of these commands and teaches others accordingly will be called least in the kingdom of heaven, but whoever practices and teaches these commands will be called great in the kingdom of heaven. <sup>20</sup> For I tell you that unless your righteousness surpasses that of the Pharisees and the teachers of the law, you will certainly not enter the kingdom of heaven.

Sermon 28-Feb-21

How True Righteousness Comes (Psalm 119:89-96 and Matthew 5:17-20)

#### Intro

- We're continuing our series on Matthew's Gospel
- It would be good to have your Bibles opened at Matthew 5 verses 17-20
- Let me pray first...

### Intro/Context

- I came across this true story from Israel from 1992.
- There were a group of Jews who followed strict rules about what can be done on the Sabbath Day (Saturday)
- Their apartment caught fire on the Sabbath
- So, they telephoned their Rabbi to see if "phoning the Fire Department" on the Sabbath broke the rules for "working" on the Sabbath
- You, see strict Jewish rules don't allow the use of phones on the Sabbath
   because that would cause an electrical current, which would be considered
   to be a form of work.
- <u>In the half an hour</u> that the <u>Rabbi took to decide</u> whether it was legal the **fire spread to two neighbouring apartments** so <u>three apartments</u> burnt to the ground
- When God gave the commandment:

- <sup>8</sup> "Remember the Sabbath day by keeping it holy. <sup>9</sup> Six days you shall labor and do all your work, <sup>10</sup> but the seventh day is a sabbath to the LORD your God. On it you shall not do any work
- I wonder if that's what He had in mind that people couldn't put a fire out?
   (pause)
- Last week we looked at the first 16 verses of Matthew 5
- Imagine what the people are thinking?
- In those 16 verses Jesus has been teaching on this mountain side and He's just given the most amazing teaching in the beatitudes about how people can be are right with God and approved by God and about how people are to be salt to others and a light to others and Jesus hasn't once mentioned God's Law in the Old Testament?
- People are perhaps thinking [and perhaps we are too]
- Is God's Law in the Old Testament, in or out?
- How are Christians to think about God's Law in the Old Testament?
- What role does the Law play in Christian life?
- As Christians we believe Jesus has died for our sins to be forgiven and we believe Jesus rose from the dead, so we may have eternal life. So, what now?
- These are the questions Jesus deals with in Matthew 5:17-20
- And we will discover.

- What Jesus thinks about the OT Law and how we should respond to the Law
- And we'll discover what our obedience or disobedience to the Law means to our standing before God?

# So, this morning we'll answer 4 questions [also in the outline]

- 1. How are Jesus and the OT Law related
- 2. How important is the OT Law to Jesus?
- 3. What should the attitude of Christians be towards the Law?
- 4. What does Jesus require of us for entry into the Kingdom of Heaven?

### So, the 1st question then:

Q. How are Jesus and the OT Law related?

## 1. How are Jesus and the OT Law related?

 Answered in v17 - Jesus is aware that people might be thinking He has rejected the Law - as He hasn't mentioned it!

## [PowerPoint 1-V17]



Do not think that I have come to abolish the Law or the Prophets; I have not come to abolish them but to fulfill them.

Matthew 5:17

DailyVerses.net

- He says do not think I've come to abolish the Law and Prophets; I
  have not come to abolish them, but to fulfill them.
- Some people might think as Christians God's grace in sending Jesus to die for our sins to be forgiven means we have a get out of jail card and we don't have any responsibility or requirement to follow God's Law
- <u>But</u> Jesus says I have <u>not</u> come to abolish the Law and the Prophets
   I have come to <u>fulfill</u> them!
- We should clarify that by "the Law and the Prophets" we mean the entire OT - Genesis to Malachi
- Jesus is saying EVERYTHING that's been written before me in the Bible I've come to fulfil
- Jesus is reading the OT as His autobiography
- Jesus is saying "The OT is all about ME!"
- When Jesus uses the phrase "I have come" that's His Mission
- But what does v17 mean by fulfil?
  - Well there was Jewish expectation from passages like Isaiah 2:3 [Many peoples will come and say, "Come, let us go up to the mountain of the LORD, to the temple of the God of Jacob. He will teach us his ways, so that we may walk in his paths.] and Jeremiah 31:31 ["The days are coming," declares the LORD, "when I will make a new covenant with the people of Israel and with the people of Judah"] - these passages say that the Messiah would come and explain & teach things about the Law - more clearly and more

- <u>fully</u> Jesus does this in rest of Matthew. <u>So, fulfil means</u> **explaining God's Word** <u>more fully</u>.
- Fulfil also means that Jesus completes the Law's requirements He obeys God's Law perfectly He lives the life that we were supposed to live but couldn't live because of our sinful nature Jesus lives His life perfectly without sin and He dies as a once and for all sacrifice for sin and He satisfies God's wrath and satisfies the demands of the Law
- And fulfil also means Jesus fulfils the Law and the Prophets because the Law and Prophets all point to Jesus - For example, the family tree in Matthew 1 in the NT - is the family tree of the promised Messiah from the OT - and Matthew says Jesus is the Messiah - so fulfilling OT prophecies about the Messiah coming.
- Even OT history points to Jesus so when Hosea 11:1 says: When Israel was a child, I loved him, out of Egypt I called my son. That's not only a reference to God calling the nation of Israel out of Egypt and into safety it's also a reference to God calling Mary and Joseph and Jesus out of Egypt, once King Herod, who wanted to kill baby Jesus, had died. (Matthew 2:15)
- Application So as we read and learn about Jesus we are left with only 3
   options as author CS Lewis puts it "when we look at Jesus we can only
   have 1 of 3 conclusions: either Jesus is a Liar, or Jesus is a Lunatic, or
   Jesus is Lord".

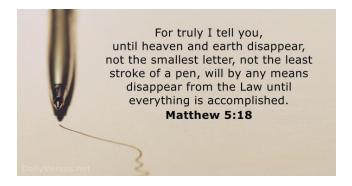
- Which do we think?
- The OT is like a shadow of Jesus
- <u>Illustration</u> <u>if</u> you wanted to talk to someone <u>after church</u> and <u>get to</u>
   know them you <u>wouldn't go up to</u> their shadow where they're standing if
   you want to know the person you don't talk to the shadow you talk to the
   person. The OT is the shadow pointing to Jesus the person <u>who is</u>
   revealed more fully in the NT

That's the first question, how are Jesus and OT related.

2<sup>nd</sup> question - How important is the OT Law to Jesus

- 2. How important is The OT Law to Jesus?
  - Jesus answers this question in verse 18

[PowerPoint 2-v18]



- Jesus is saying the OT Law is of the utmost importance
- There is continuity between OT and NT

- OT is foundational like a shadow linked to the body
- V18 is confirming the <u>full inspiration of the Word of God</u> and confirming the <u>authority of God and His Word</u>
- God has breathed His Word down to the smallest detail even down to
  the punctuation marks even down to the smallest parts of Hebrew
  writing none of it will pass away until all of God's purposes have been
  accomplished!
- Jesus is affirming that the OT Law continues
- And Notice v18 begins with Jesus saying "For <u>Truly"</u> I tell you which means He's speaking the Truth -
- The word here for Truly is Amen [in Greek]
- Usually we say Amen after we pray or say something
- But Jesus gives the Amen <u>first</u> <u>not</u> at the end <u>showing</u> how much
   authority His words have
- The Bible just doesn't CONTAIN the Word of God IT IS the Word of God every letter/word/stroke
- Notice back in v17 Jesus says "do not think I have come to" the problem we have is thinking wrong about God's Word that it's just guidelines, or that it was just meant for the Jews or for a certain time but Jesus is saying it all stands even now
- The Word of God stands longer than the World!
- As our OT reading Psalm 119:89 said: "Your Word, Lord, is eternal!"

- Application Do we approach God's Word as though God is speaking it
   to us even down to the punctuation even down to the smallest detail
- Application What would our quiet times be like then?
- Application Key to reading OT is to read it in a Christ centered way by asking ourselves what does this passage tell me about Jesus how do

  I get to Jesus from this passage?
- Application for example, when we read about the OT laws about animal sacrifices, do we to see their fulfilment is found in Jesus as Hebrews
   4-10 tells us Jesus is superior to angels, greater than Moses and the prophets, He's our Great High Priest, superior to all the OT priests, the once and for all sacrifice for sin not like the repeated sacrifices for sin in the OT.
- Application If we don't read the OT with Jesus in view we've missed
  the point and we will become legalistic instead of realizing Jesus has
  done all that is required in the Law. And it's not down to us to make
  ourselves right with God Jesus has already done it!

That's question 2 - How important is the OT Law to Jesus.

Question 3 - what should the attitude of Christians be towards the OT Law?

- 3. What should the attitude of Christians be towards the Law?
  - Jesus as the Law Giver and the Law fulfiller answers that in verse 19
  - As Christians we must still pay attention to the OT Law Jesus says.

#### [PowerPoint 3-V19]



- Jesus states clearly anyone who breaks one of the least of these
   commands or teaches others to break them will be called least but
   whoever practices and teaches these commands will be called great in
   kingdom
- Here we have 2 options available to us:
  - If we <u>break or relax God's commands</u> and <u>teach others to do the</u>
     <u>same</u> = we <u>will be called least</u>
  - If we put into <u>practice God's commands</u> and <u>teach others to do the</u>
     <u>same</u> = we will be called great
- Jesus is addressing a problem of His day (and our day too) where
   people loosened or relaxed the grip of God's word/commands on their
   conscience and hearts
- V19 says 2 things necessary
  - Firstly Practicing God's Word albeit imperfectly applying it to
     lives and hearts not so it saves us but because of our heart and

- <u>love for Christ</u> if we love Jesus, we will keep His commands (John 14:15). <u>Not</u> out of legalism <u>but</u> out of love
- Secondly Teach others to do the same to honour and follow
   Jesus commands we must be disciples and make disciples then
   we will be called great
- Application: Let's take an example of one of the least of the commands
  - it's difficult for us to know what is one of the least of God's commands
  - but **let's take the NT verse from Heb 10:25** do not give up meeting together as some are in the habit of doing [Linked to OT 4<sup>th</sup> commandment keep Sabbath Holy]
- How seriously do we take that command?
- <u>Do we relax it or practice it? Are we loosening or honouring that</u> command?
- Are we practicing this command because of our heart and love for Jesus?
- Are we teaching our children and grandchildren to honour or loosen the command to meet together at Church on Sunday?
- God wants us to take His commands seriously

# (pause)

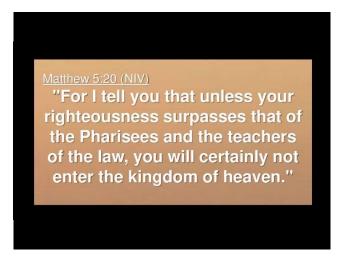
- Good News whether least or great we're saved by grace not by what we do.
- However it's still worth us asking ourselves what's our heart like
   towards God's word and His commands?

That's question 3 - our attitude of Christians towards God's Law

Question 4 is - What does Jesus require of us for entry into His Kingdom?

- 4. What does Jesus require of us for entry into the Kingdom of Heaven?
  - How do get into the Kingdom?

## [PowerPoint 4-v20]



- See v20 our righteousness has to surpass the righteousness of the
   Pharisees and teachers of the law
- This is a staggering statement from Jesus
- The Pharisees and teachers of the Law were myopic one-eyed about
   the law -
- <u>In Jesus' time</u> there were **613 laws** [From Genesis to Deuteronomy] 248 positive and 365 negative

- The Pharisees and the teachers of the Law knew how many Hebrew
   letters were in the Law they even gave offerings/tithes of their spices
   (of dill, mint, cumin see Matt 23:23)
- Some of the Pharisees and teachers of the law even memorised the whole Law
- <u>Can you imagine</u> the people's reaction when Jesus said their righteousness had to surpass the Pharisees?
- Shoulders shrunk down and heads dropped.
- This is a colossal mountain to climb. It's all too hard.
- To the ordinary people the Pharisees were seen as the only ones in society who kept the law! They were the righteous ones!
- The people are thinking if the Pharisees can't get into the kingdom
- Who can enter the kingdom of heaven?
- Jesus is not criticising the Pharisees and Teachers of the Law for their concern for the details of the law - He's criticising the way they
   THINK about the Law
- There are 2 ways that the Pharisees and Teachers of the Law's thinking was wrong
  - #1 They thought it was more important to keep to the letter of the law rather than the Spirit of the law - so for example when it came to the Sabbath rules - they would not help people or show

- mercy and compassion to people in need on the Sabbath, because that would be "working" on the Sabbath rest day.
- #2 They thought keeping the law was the way into the Kingdom
- We have to be careful of the little Pharisee inside each of us that says 'Okay what Jesus means here, is to be more righteous I have got to do better I have to work harder I have to memorise more of the Bible I have to give a tithe every time I go to Coles and buy veggies I have to give a 10<sup>th</sup> to God'
- That's not what Jesus is talking about
- Jesus is saying to surpass the Pharisees and teachers of the law in righteousness we have to think differently about the Law
- Remember last week, the beatitude in v6 blessed are those who hunger and thirst for righteousness - for they will be FILLED
- Jesus is talking about a righteousness that comes <u>FROM</u> God <u>not</u>
   <u>from ourselves!</u>
- And Romans 1:17 tells us this righteousness comes by <u>faith</u> - For in the gospel the righteousness of God is revealed—a righteousness that is by faith from first to last, just as it is written: "The righteous will live by faith."
- None of us can be right with God through our own perfect obedience because we can't be perfectly obedient!
- The Good News is We're right with God by our faith in what Jesus has done

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- True righteousness comes by the Gospel (Christ Jesus died for our sins and we are now right with God and forgiven) true righteousness does
   not come by us working at it or by doing or by obedience
- Therefore, we must look to the Son of God not to ourselves

So instead, we honour God's Law - not for the sake of the Law - but for the sake of the One it points to - our Lord Jesus

We keep the law - because we hunger and thirst to be like our Saviour, Jesus!

So, as we live out our lives, we walk in faith of our Lord Jesus, and one day we will meet the Father - and He may say - 'you are great in the Kingdom of Heaven - because you took my commands seriously - and He may say - 'well done my good and faithful servant'.

May we all be called great in the Kingdom of Heaven.

Let's pray...