Bible Readings

Matthew 5:21-48

Murder

²¹ "You have heard that it was said to the people long ago, 'You shall not murder, and anyone who murders will be subject to judgment.' ²² But I tell you that anyone who is angry with a brother or sister will be subject to judgment. Again, anyone who says to a brother or sister, 'Raca,' is answerable to the court. And anyone who says, 'You fool!' will be in danger of the fire of hell.

²³ "Therefore, if you are offering your gift at the altar and there remember that your brother or sister has something against you, ²⁴ leave your gift there in front of the altar. First go and be reconciled to them; then come and offer your gift.

²⁵ "Settle matters quickly with your adversary who is taking you to court. Do it while you are still together on the way, or your adversary may hand you over to the judge, and the judge may hand you over to the officer, and you may be thrown into prison. ²⁶ Truly I tell you, you will not get out until you have paid the last penny.

Adultery

²⁷ "You have heard that it was said, 'You shall not commit adultery.' ²⁸ But I tell you that anyone who looks at a woman lustfully has already committed adultery with her in his heart. ²⁹ If your right eye causes you to stumble, gouge it out and throw it away. It is better for you to lose one part of your body than for your whole body to be thrown into hell. ³⁰ And if your right hand causes you to stumble, cut it

off and throw it away. It is better for you to lose one part of your body than for your whole body to go into hell.

Divorce

³¹ "It has been said, 'Anyone who divorces his wife must give her a certificate of divorce.' ³² But I tell you that anyone who divorces his wife, except for sexual immorality, makes her the victim of adultery, and anyone who marries a divorced woman commits adultery.

Oaths

³³ "Again, you have heard that it was said to the people long ago, 'Do not break your oath, but fulfill to the Lord the vows you have made.' ³⁴ But I tell you, do not swear an oath at all: either by heaven, for it is God's throne; ³⁵ or by the earth, for it is his footstool; or by Jerusalem, for it is the city of the Great King. ³⁶ And do not swear by your head, for you cannot make even one hair white or black. ³⁷ All you need to say is simply 'Yes' or 'No'; anything beyond this comes from the evil one.

Eye for Eye

³⁸ "You have heard that it was said, 'Eye for eye, and tooth for tooth.' ³⁹ But I tell you, do not resist an evil person. If anyone slaps you on the right cheek, turn to them the other cheek also. ⁴⁰ And if anyone wants to sue you and take your shirt, hand over your coat as well. ⁴¹ If anyone forces you to go one mile, go with them two miles. ⁴² Give to the one who asks you, and do not turn away from the one who wants to borrow from you.

Love for Enemies

⁴³ "You have heard that it was said, 'Love your neighbour and hate your enemy.' ⁴⁴ But I tell you, love your enemies and pray for those who persecute you, ⁴⁵ that you may be children of your Father in heaven. He causes his sun to rise on the evil and the good, and sends rain on the righteous and the unrighteous. ⁴⁶ If you love those who love you, what reward will you get? Are not even the tax collectors doing that? ⁴⁷ And if you greet only your own people, what are you doing more than others? Do not even pagans do that? ⁴⁸ Be perfect, therefore, as your heavenly Father is perfect.

Sermon How True Righteousness Works in Daily Life 21-Mar-21

Context/Recap

- We continuing our series on Matthew's Gospel
- We've had a break from it for 2 weeks
- But last time we looked at Jesus' Sermon on Mount
- One of the most amazing parts of scripture
- Jesus' sermon goes from Chapter 5:1 to Chapter 7:29
- In our earlier looks at chapter 5
 - We looked at the attitudes we should have as followers of Jesus
 - And we said that Jesus didn't come to get rid of God's Law but to fulfil it in all perfect obedience
 - And we said we should hunger and thirst to be like Jesus not so we
 are saved for Heaven Jesus is the one who saves us but so we
 become more like Jesus
- In our passage this morning Jesus explains what it means to hunger and
 thirst to be like Jesus and He makes it clear it's not just about what we
 do but in fact about who we are inside

Intro/Self Righteousness

<u>I was listening recently</u> to a **minister** who had a **prison ministry** - <u>he visited</u> inmates in prison.

One day **he visited** an **inmate** who'd been **imprisoned for** <u>rape</u> - the inmate told the minister "at least I haven't murdered anyone"

An hour later, he visited an inmate who'd been imprisoned for murder - the inmate told the minister "at least I haven't raped anyone"

(pause)

I wonder if we're guilty of saying similar things?

We might say "I may have told lies occasionally - but I haven't murdered or raped anyone - or committed adultery? I'm not that bad!"

I wonder if we're guilty of grading sin?

Do we think God gave us rules to put on our fridge and go - Tick - I haven't done that one or that one or that one - 7 out of 10 isn't bad?

<u>Do we think</u> God gave us His commands - <u>so we</u> compare how bad or good <u>we are</u> in relation to someone else?

That sort of thinking is being "self-righteousness"

It's not up to us to decide if we're righteous or not

Righteousness means being right with God - He determines whether we are

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And as we said last time - in **Jesus' day** - there were a **bunch** of **religious people** - called the **Pharisees** - who were **self-righteousness**

So, in v20 Jesus tells the crowd listening:

For I tell you that unless your righteousness surpasses that of the Pharisees and the teachers of the law, you will certainly not enter the kingdom of heaven.

So, in our passage this morning

Jesus shows what it means to have righteousness that surpasses the Pharisees

You see the Pharisees had the wrong idea about God's laws - they thought being right with God meant obeying a list of external actions that were sinful - like the list on the fridge - but Jesus is about to make a fundamental change without altering God's laws. He's going to deal - not with externals - but internals - He's going to look at the attitudes of the heart.

So, <u>Jesus looks at</u> six important Old Testament laws - <u>and interprets them for</u> the people listening - in terms of the new life He came to give

Six Commands Jesus Intensifies

Murder (vv21-26)

[PowerPoint 1-Murder]

- The first command comes from the 10 commandments Ex 20:13
- Which says simply "You shall not murder"
- Murder is: the unlawful premeditated killing of one human being by another.
- Should be easy enough to tick that off the list on the fridge we haven't murdered anyone tick!
- But look at how Jesus intensifies the teaching on murder
- Jesus says V22 but I tell you anyone who is angry with a brother or sister
 he's not talking family he's talking community if anyone is angry with
 someone they're just as guilty as if they murdered them
- Jesus is saying if we give someone a verbal lashing in anger "You fool! You idiot! You moron!" we're guilty
- Jesus didn't say anger <u>leads</u> to murder <u>He said</u> anger is murder
- He's saying anger and hatred is murder in the heart
- As 1 John 3:15 puts it: Anyone who hates a brother or sister is a murderer, and you know that no murderer has eternal life residing in him.

- Application what are we going to do with the anger or hatred we have inside>
- It needs to be repented of doesn't it?
- Jesus gives a way forward in verses 23-26
- He says if we come to worship and remember that someone has something against us
- Then we need to go and sort it out -
- This requires again examining our heart do we have a grudge or resentment or anger against someone then go and sort it out before worshiping
- God wants our worship of Him to be pure and not hindered or distracted
 by an unresolved problem with someone because then we're not focusing
 on God
- Question is there someone we need to reconcile with?
- The longer we wait the worse the resentment the worse the anger or hatred festers
- Matthew 18 gives a good way of reconciliation

Adultery (vv27-30)

The second command <u>Jesus deals with</u> is <u>also from</u> 10 commandments
 Exodus 20:14 - You shall not commit adultery

[PowerPoint 2-Adultery]

- Adultery: is voluntary sexual intercourse between a married person and a person who is not their spouse.
- Again it might be easy for us to tick that off the list on the fridge too
 and say well I haven't committed adultery tick!
- But look how Jesus intensifies the commandment about adultery
- Jesus says v28 anyone who <u>looks at someone in lust</u> has committed adultery in their heart
- We're not talking about admiring a woman's beauty A man might say "Wow! Michelle Pfeiffer or Marilyn Munroe are absolutely beautiful" that's
 not lust
- A woman might say "Pearce Brosnan or Brad Pitt are so gorgeous and handsome" - that's not lust either
- Lust is: a strong sexual desire
- It's going beyond thinking someone is beautiful or handsome to undressing them with our eyes and desiring to have sex with them
- It includes sexual flirtation sexual invendo it includes looking at pornography all these things are saying I want that other person and I desire them more than my husband or wife even though you might not actually act on those desires
- You see Jesus is going beyond the act of "doing" and saying sin comes from the heart and He's addressing the sinful desires of our heart
- And of course, Jesus gives the solution in vv29-30

- o If your eye is causing you to sin pluck it out
- If your hand is causing you to sin chop it off
- o In some cases, in Saudi Arabia hands are amputated -for theft
- Is Jesus being literal?
- o He's certainly being radical -
- If we plucked both our eyes out would that stop us lusting we can still lust in our hearts?
- If we chop both our hands off does that stop us lusting we can
 still put our arms around a woman or man in lust in our hearts
- Jesus' point is <u>whatever</u> is causing a person to lust (or sin in other ways for that matter) needs to be removed
- A minister I heard about who speaks to people addicted to looking
 at pornography tells people to get rid of their computer so far no
 one has taken his advice but really that is the only solution unless
 someone else has the password and watches the person use the
 computer all the time!
- o 50 years ago people had to go to a certain venue to see porn or buy
 pornographic magazines from a special shop now it's accessible by
 the click of a button so there needs to be something radical to
 avoid the temptation
- o Are we serious about removing lust, pornography, sexual flirtations, secret messages & meetings with the opposite sex from our lives?

Divorce (vv31-32)

- The third command Jesus deals with is
- This is dealt with in **Deuteronomy 24:1-4**

[PowerPoint 3-Divorce]

- The <u>command was</u> that if a man divorces a woman and gives her a certificate of divorce, and she marries another man; and this second man also divorces her, she cannot return to the first husband
- The idea behind this command was to make the husband think twice before hastily divorcing his wife as he can't get her back again.
- Also, it would take time to find a scribe to write a certificate of divorce
 which gave an estranged couple time to reconcile their differences
- Where the sticking point came though, was the grounds for divorce
- What does it mean when Deut 24:2 says a man can divorce his wife if he finds something indecent about her?
- There were 2 schools of thought in Jesus' time from 2 different Rabbi schools
- Rabbi Hillel and his school took a lax view and said a man could divorce for almost any reason - like burning his breakfast
- Whereas Rabbi Shammai said divorce was only allowed for sexual sin i.e.,
 unfaithfulness in a marriage

- The <u>problem in Jesus' day and today</u> is that <u>people divorce without really</u> attempting to address the <u>problems they have</u> and there's a <u>very loose</u> view of marriage <u>so much so</u> that in some countries <u>people take out a</u> <u>pre-marriage agreement before they get married</u> to say <u>what will happen</u> should they break up that's <u>hardly a serious commitment to staying</u> together
- When Jesus was asked about marriage and divorce in Matthew 19 He went
 back to God's original design and intention for marriage -
- God's plan for marriage was it was to be a life-long exclusive commitment
 between a man and a woman God's plan for marriage is that the two
 become one flesh the original Hebrew has the idea of being joined
 together permanently it's like the couple are superglued together
- So, <u>Jesus says here in v32 and in Matthew 19:9</u> that the **grounds for divorce are sexual immorality** i.e., <u>being unfaithful in marriage</u> [I would include domestic violence as being unfaithful in marriage too]
- But Jesus also acknowledged that Moses permitted divorce in OT because people's hearts were hard
- There's that heart thing again
- People divorce <u>because</u> their heart is <u>not for their spouse anymore</u> their heart is hard, selfish and unloving
- It boils down to the fact that people aren't loving each other as God intended

- The Apostle Paul (in Ephesians 5) describes marriage as husbands loving their wives like Jesus loved the church how was that Jesus loved the church by dying for it so a husband must love his wife sacrificially with a to-die-for love. In doing so the wife will willingly want to follow a husband who loves her like that. Notice the onus is on the man as head of the house to love the woman sacrificially like Jesus
- When this happens love can't fail Paul says love never fails in 1 Cor 13:8 why? Because God is love.
- When divorce happens it's not God failing His love never fails it's
 humans failing to love as God intended
- So, the question is in our marriages are we loving each other as God intended are we committed to a lifelong relationship committed to resolving difficulties or are our hearts hard?
- One final point on divorce even in the case of there being unfaithfulness in
 a marriage God doesn't command that the couple divorce He only
 permits it
- In any marriage unfaithfulness there is the Godly option of repentance,
 forgiveness and reconciliation

Oaths and Vows (vv33-37)

• The fourth command <u>Jesus deals with</u> is the command to do with oaths and vows

Lev 19:12 & Num 30:2 & Deut 23:21 - says people are not to make a false
 oath or vow - they shouldn't promise to do something - and then not do it!

[PowerPoint 4-Vows and Oaths]

- Why is that? Because God hears that vow and He holds them to account
- Again, Jesus intensifies the idea of making vows
- See vv34-37 Jesus says that our conversation should be so honest, and our character so true, that we should not need "crutches" to get people to believe us. Words depend on character and oaths cannot compensate for a poor character.
- Jesus and James 5:12 both say all we need to say is a simple "Yes" or "No" - rather than swearing by someone or something.
- The more words a person says to convince us they're telling the truth,
 the more suspicious we should be! "The lady doth protest too much"
 {Hamlet: Shakespeare}
- We've had some examples of making promises this morning in our service—
 the new members made certain promises—they're not making these
 promises to me or to the congregation, we're merely witnesses—these
 promises are made to God. They didn't swear on their children's lives or
 their dog's life—they simply said "I do" to the questions asked
- It's the same with marriage promises the couple say "I do" before God
- What about us can our "Yes" be trusted can our "No" be trusted?

(pause)

Retaliation (vv38-42)

• The fifth command Jesus deals with is the command to do with retaliation

[PowerPoint 5-Retaliation]

- The OT [Exodus 21:24; Leviticus 24:20 and Deut 19:21] teaches that the
 offender is to pay back <u>like for like</u>. It was a fair law in that it <u>didn't</u>
 force the offender to pay a greater price than the original offense
 deserved.
- Again, Jesus intensifies the law with an attitude: be willing to suffer loss yourself rather than cause another to suffer.
- Of course, this is for "personal" offences/insults not groups or nations.
 The person who retaliates only makes themselves and the offender feel worse, and the result is a fight rather than peace.
- In order to turn the other cheek, we must stay where we are and not run away. This demands both faith and love. It also means that we will be hurt; but it is better to be hurt on the outside rather than be harmed on the inside. It also means we should try to help the offender. We are vulnerable, because the offender may attack us again; but we are also victorious, because Jesus is on our side, helping us and building our characters.

- Psychologists say violence is born of weakness, not strength. It is the
 strong person who can love and suffer hurt; it is the weak person who thinks
 only of themselves and hurts to protect themselves. They hurt others and
 then run away.
- By turning the other cheek, we are showing the offender a better way.

Love to Enemies (vv43-48)

• The sixth and final command Jesus deals with is loving our enemies

[PowerPoint 6-Love to Enemies]

- The OT taught to love your neighbour- and in certain cases to treat people that were anti-God - as your enemy
- Jesus again intensifies the command see v44
- He says love our enemies and pray for those who persecute us
- Why would Jesus tell us to love our enemies enemies are enemies, right?
- Here's Jesus' reasons from vv44-48
 - It is a sign of maturity that we are "sons" (literally) of God, the Father, and not just little children.
 - It is Godlike. The Father shares His good things [sun and rain] with those who oppose Him.
 - Loving our enemies creates a "climate" of blessings that makes it easy to win our enemies and make them our friends.

• It is a testimony to others, when we show love to enemies. God expects us to live on a higher plane than the people lost from God. The latter return good for good and evil for evil. As Christians we must return good for evil; this is an investment of love - and shows them the love of Christ - and may win them to Christ

Solution - Jesus' Perfect Righteousness

- You might be saying to yourself it's all too hard Jesus has raised the
 bar too high
- Well, Praise God we're standing on this side of the cross and not sitting
 on the hillside listening to the Sermon by Jesus

[PowerPoint 6-Self-Righteousness]

- We need to realize it's not about our self-righteousness it's about Jesus'

 perfect righteousness and what He has done for us!
- So, how do we purify our hard hearts?
- Well clearly we need to search our hearts to see if there are any
 offensive ways in us (Psalm 139:23-4) and repent
- And then we need to come to the One who makes us right with God
 - o The One who never had anger other than righteous anger over sin
 - o Who never murdered anyone

- o Who never looked with lustful eyes at a woman
- Who never put His arms around a woman in lust only with love and compassion
- Whose eyes were blinded by tears/blood/sweat as He hanged on a cross crucified for the sin of the world
- Whose hands were nailed to a cross not around a woman in lust
- Who never broke a promise but in fact is the one who fulfils all of
 God's Promises
- Who didn't retaliate with an eye for eye who literally turned the other cheek - and who literally went the extra mile - and carried His cross to the Hill of Calvary
- o Who loved His enemies by laying down His life for them on the cross
- Who prayed for those who persecuted Him and even said "Father,
 forgive them they don't know what they are doing" (Luke 23:34)
- And as we come to Jesus we remember He has made us right with God
- And we <u>remember</u> that **apart from Jesus we can do nothing** (John 15:5)
- And we <u>remember</u> as the Apostle Paul says Phil 4:13 "I can do all things in Christ who strengthens me"

Let's pray...